Reasons Christ Had Sinless Flesh

- 1. Christ had no fall and was therefore sinless.
- **2.** Christ did not submit to Satan and to his spirit and sinful nature (Eph. 2:2; Jn. 8:44; 1Jn. 3:8).
- **3.** He came from the woman but was not of the seed of man (<u>Gen. 3:15; Isa. 7:14; 9:6-7; Mt. 1:18-23; Lk. 1:32-35; Rom. 8:3; Gal. 4:4; Php. 2:5-11; Jn. 1:14; 1Tim. 3:16; Heb. 2:9-18). Man is recognized as the head of the race in all Scripture (<u>Gen. 2:20-22; 2Cor. 11:3; Rom. 5:12-21</u>). The iniquity of man, not woman, was passed as a curse upon children (<u>Ex. 20:5; Num. 14:18; Dt. 5:9; Jer. 31:29-30; Ezek. 18:2-4</u>).</u>
- **4.** Mary was merely the means of God in bringing His own Son into a human body. He was conceived by the Holy Spirit, not by man who could not produce sinless offspring. God is holy and cannot produce sinful offspring. This is according to the law of reproduction in Gen. 1:22-28. Thus by means of a woman God could send Christ in the likeness of the flesh controlled by sin, and yet not of sinful flesh controlled by sin and Satan (1Pet. 2:22)

Flesh and Spirit Life Contrasted

The Fleshly Life:

18. The end is death

The Spiritual Life:

The end is life

1. Minds things of flesh	Minds things of Spirit (Rom. 8:5)
2. Carnally minded	Spiritually minded
3. Spiritually dead	Alive (<u>Rom. 8:6</u>)
4. Enmity to God	No enmity (Rom. 8:7)
5. Not subject to God	Subject to God
6. Cannot be subject	Can be subjected
7. Cannot please God	Can please God (Rom. 8:8)
8. Not in the Spirit	In the Spirit
9. Not Christ's	Is Christ's (Rom. 8:9)
10. Body alive to sin	Dead to sin
11. Spirit dead to God	Alive to God
12. No Christ	Christ in life (Rom. 8:10)
13. Sinful life	Righteous life
14. No Holy Spirit	Spirit indwelling
15. No physical quickening	A physical quickening
16. Debtor to flesh	Not a debtor (Rom. 8:12)
17. No help from Spirit	Help from Spirit (Rom. 8:13)